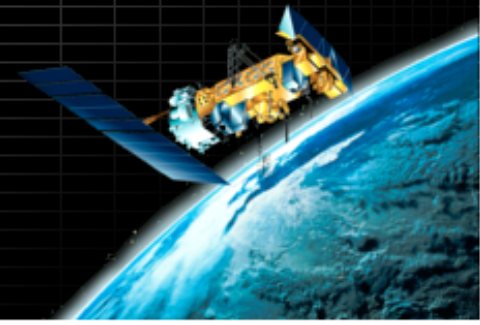


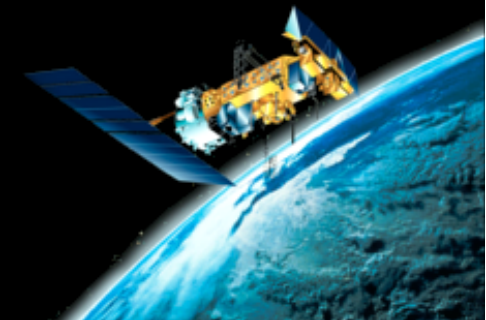
EUMETSAT Nowcasting SAF Direct Readout Package PPS - Status

Nina Håkansson, Ronald Scheirer, Sara Hörnquist,
Adam Dybbroe, Anke Thoss, Karl-Göran Karlsson,
Abhay Devasthale and Martin Raspaud



Outline

- What is PPS?
- User support and interaction
- Recent improvements
- Future

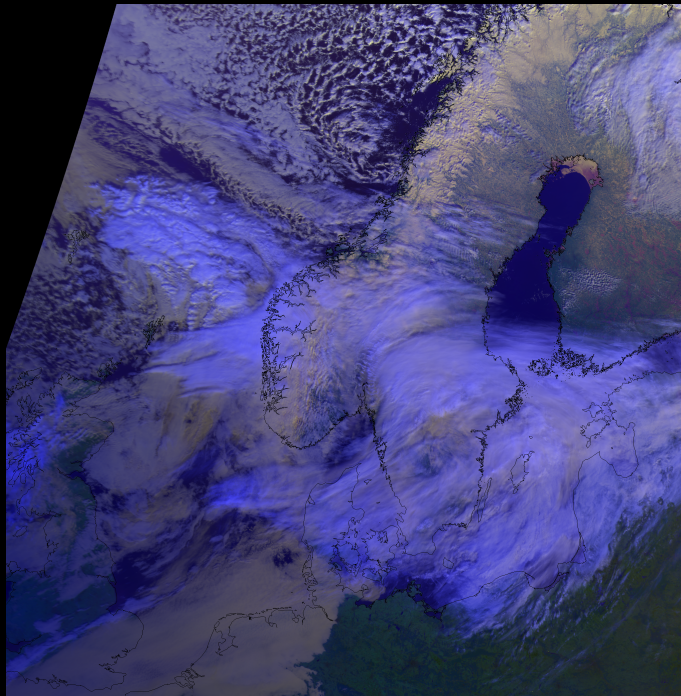


PPS stress tests - solar eclipse over Northeast Atlantic 20/3-2015

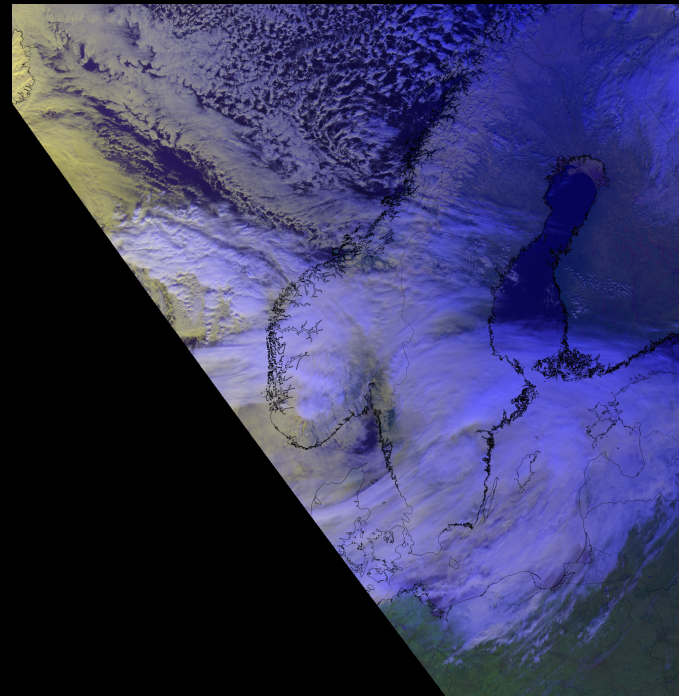
Southwest

Northeast

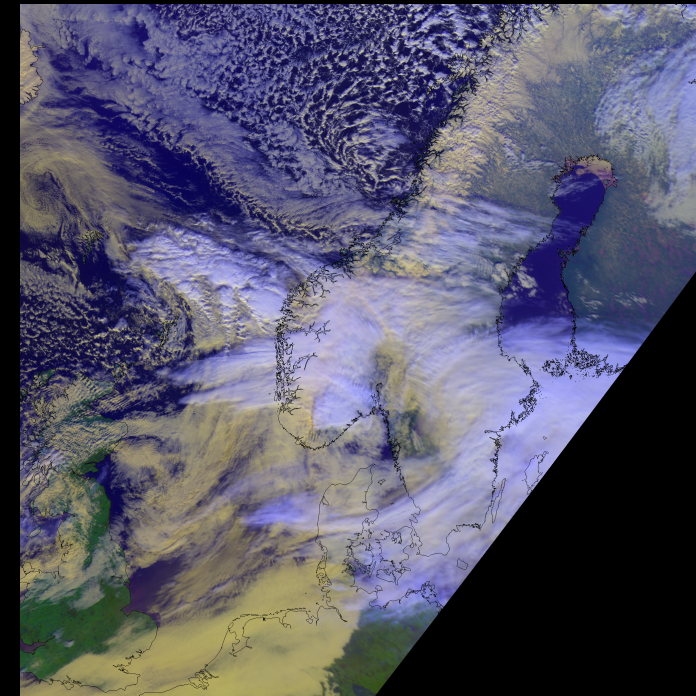
Past



Metop-B 09:20 UTC



S-NPP 10:13 UTC



Metop-B 11:01 UTC

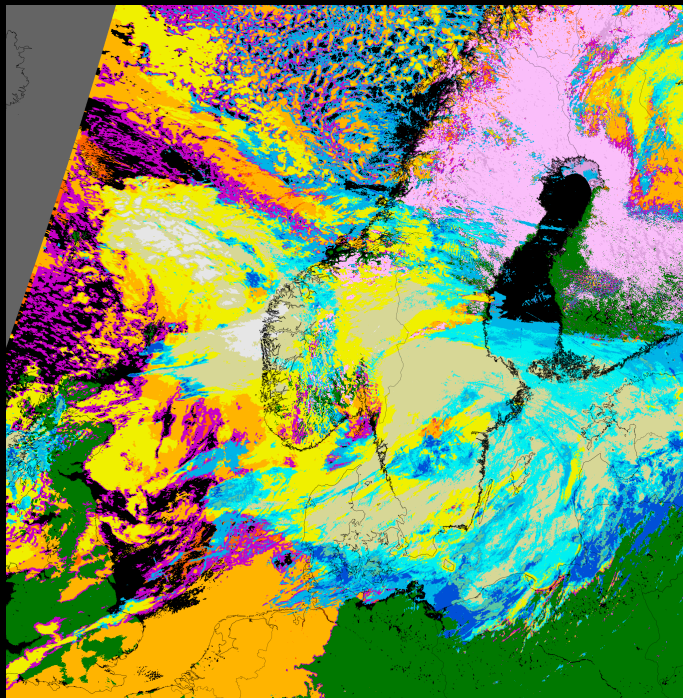


PPS “stress testing” - recent solar eclipse over Northeast Atlantic

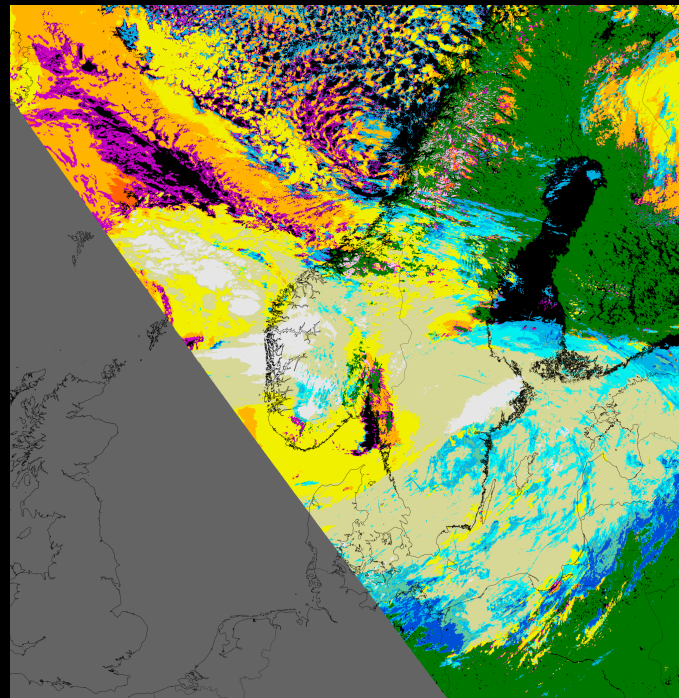
Southwest

Northeast

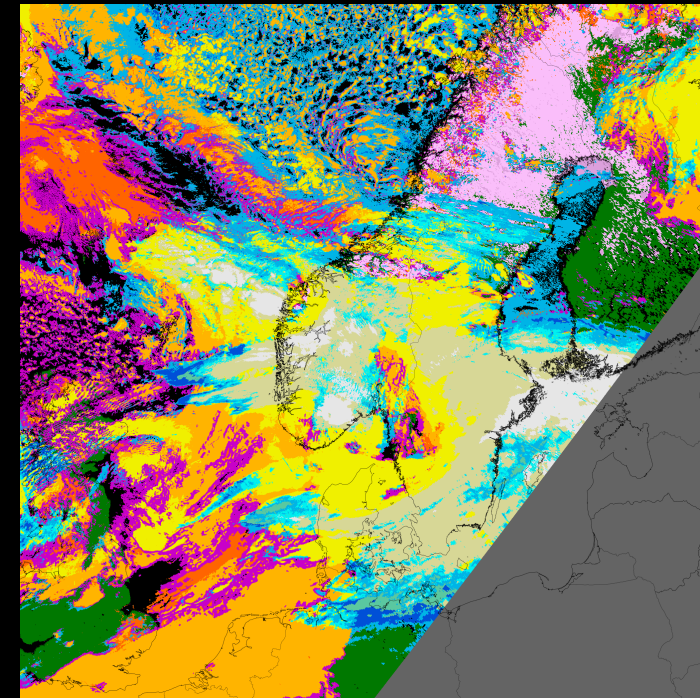
Past



Metop-B 09:20 UTC



S-NPP 10:13 UTC

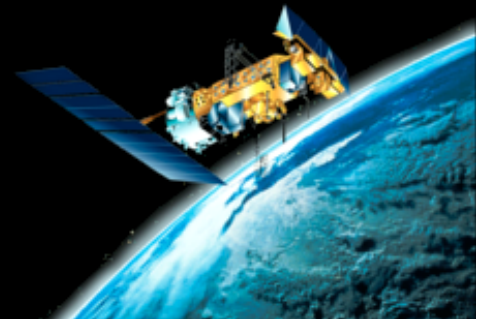


Metop-B 11:01 UTC



What is PPS?

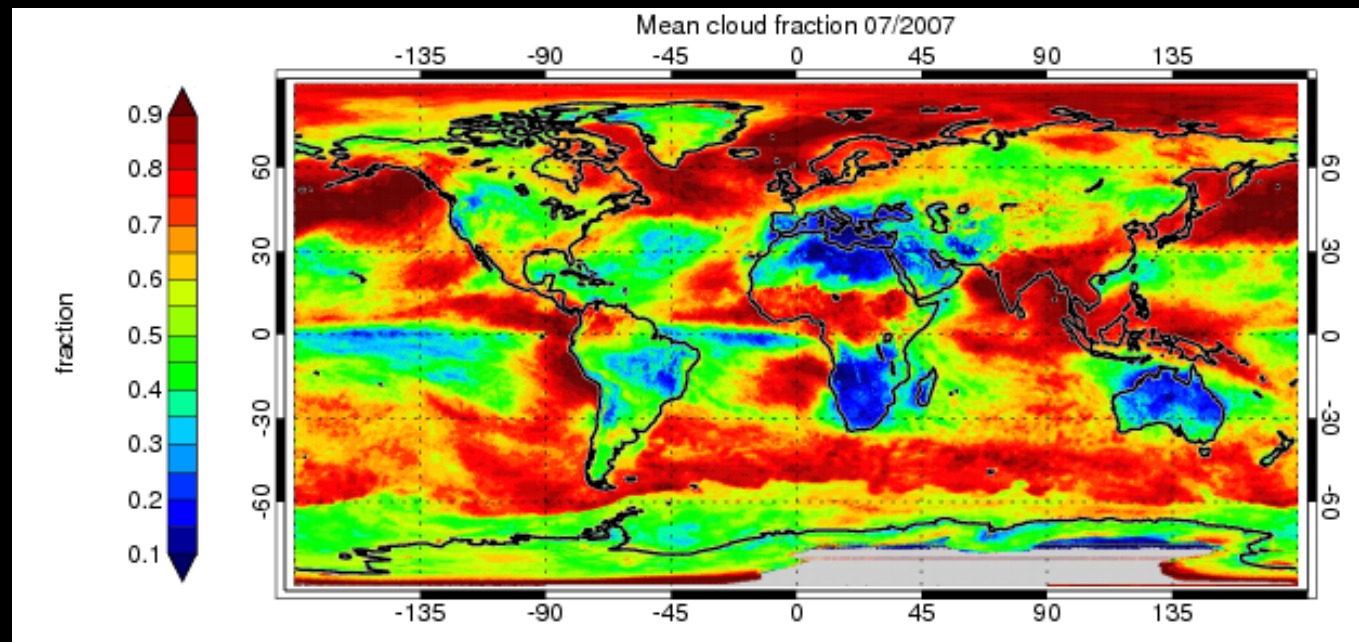
- Processing package for cloud and precipitation products, developed by the NWCSAF
- Originally designed for local processing of Direct Readout data from AVHRR
- Adapted to other input formats, as for example AVHRR GAC
- ...and other platforms: S-NPP VIIRS and Terra/Aqua MODIS



What is PPS?

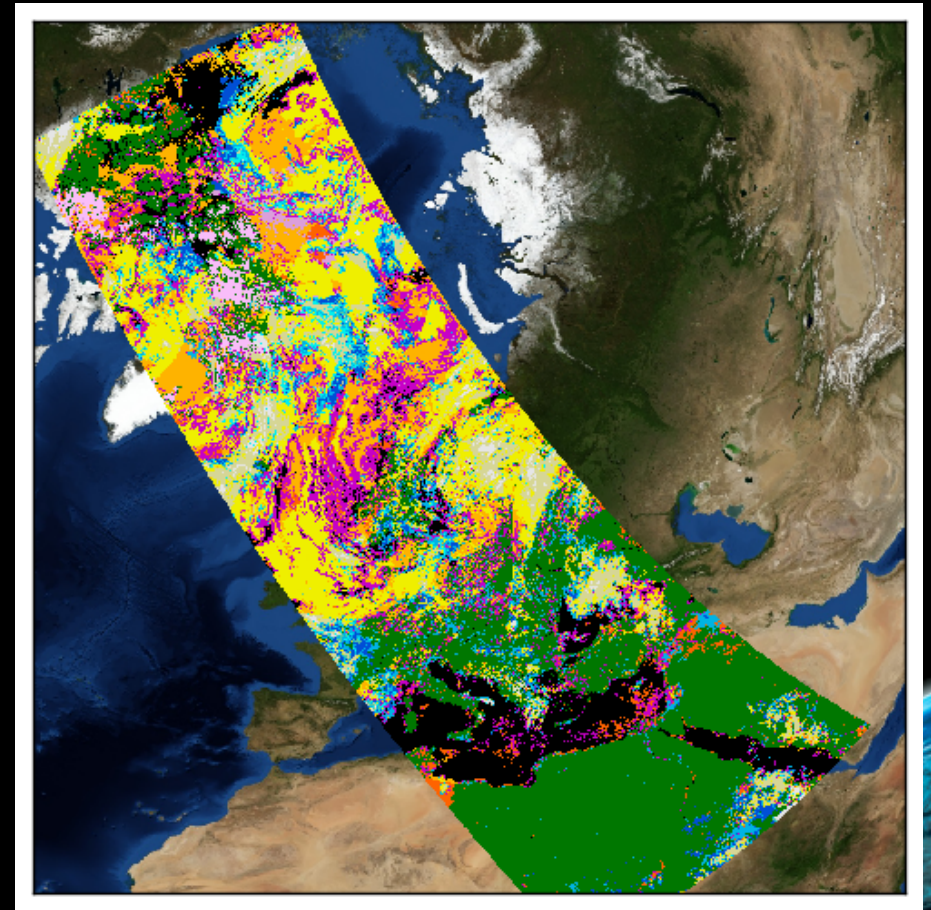
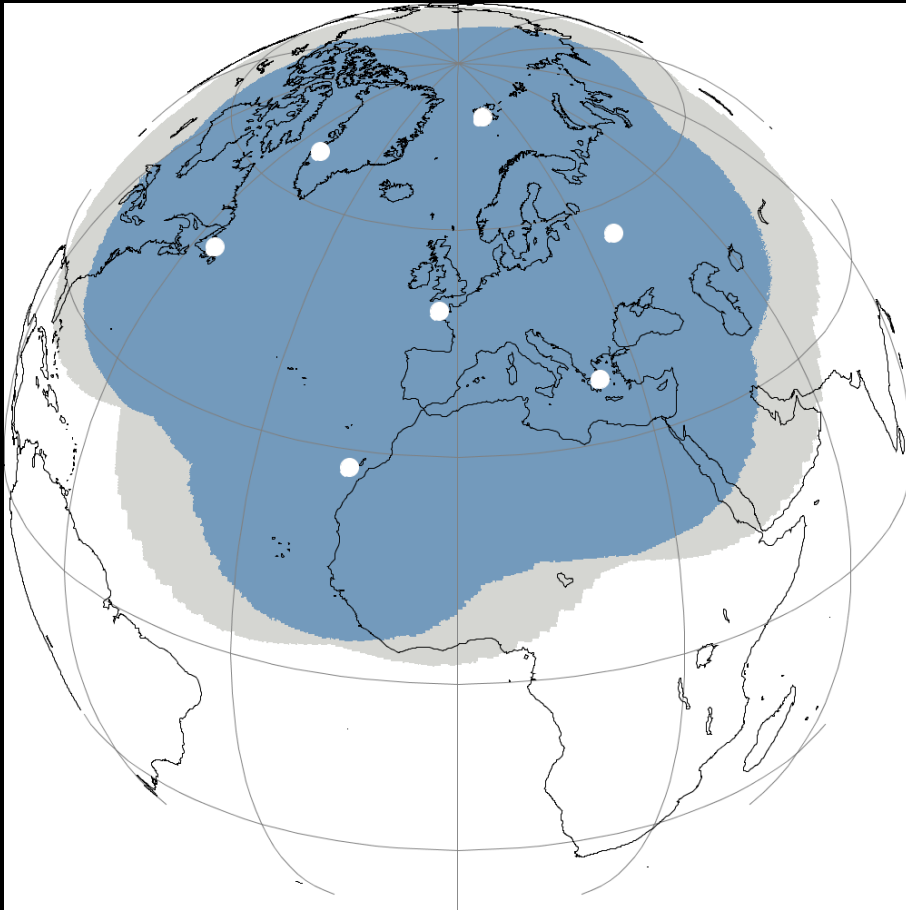
- Used not only for Nowcasting, but also by CMSAF, OSI SAF and Land SAF

Mean cloud fractional coverage for July 2007, derived from NOAA 15, 16, 17 and 18:



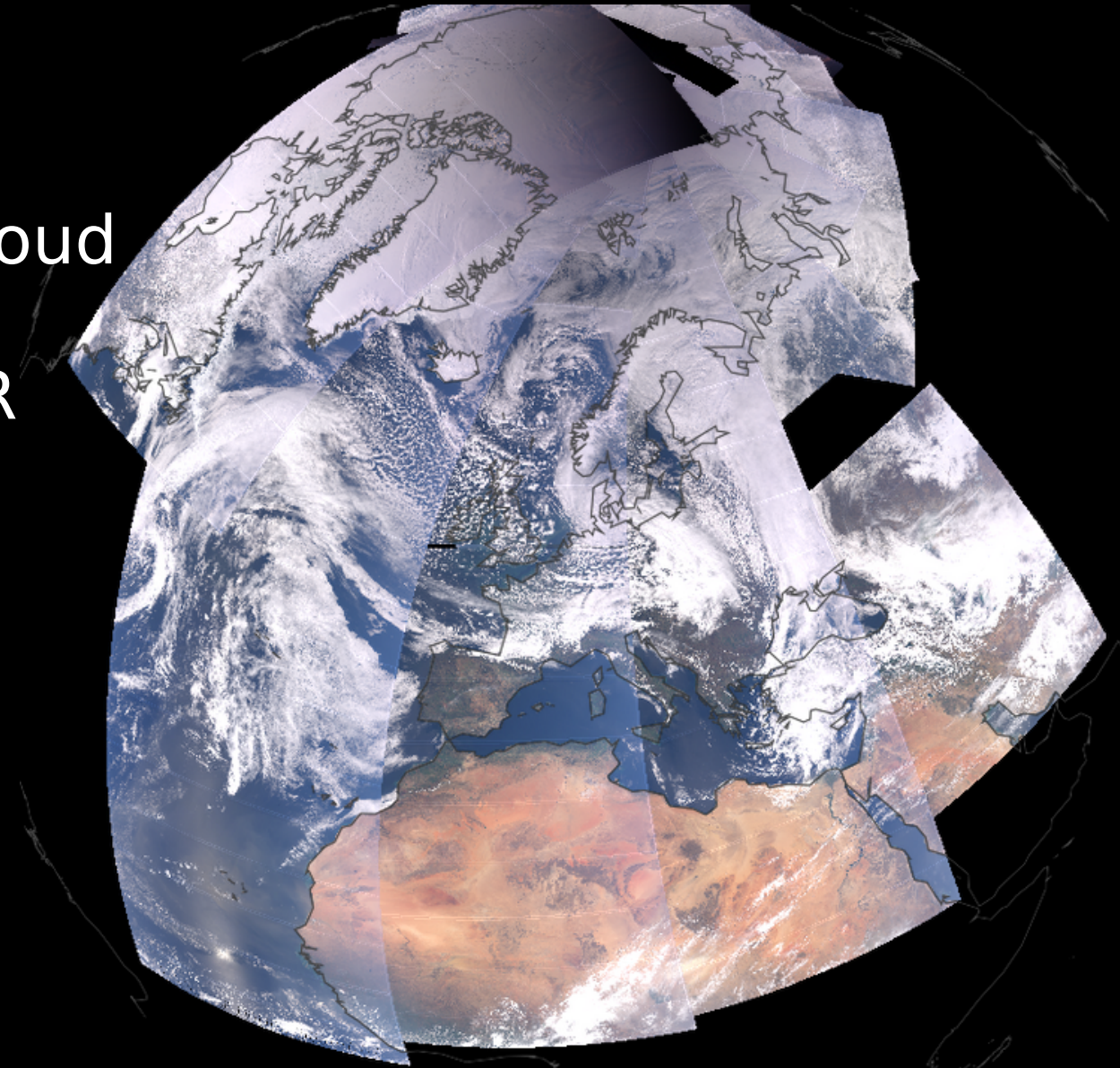
What is PPS?

- Also used for processing cloud products in the EARS-NWC service



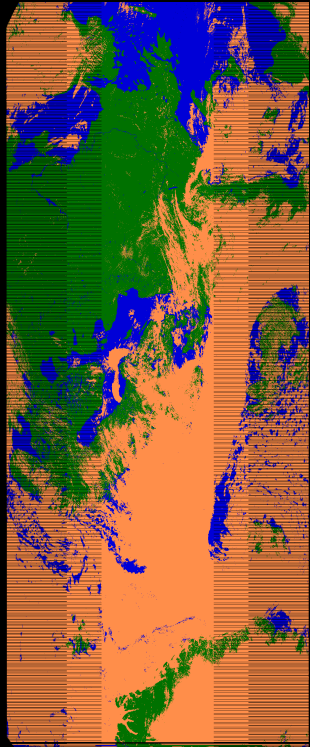
EARS-NWC extended to VIIRS

- Currently EARS-NWC provides PPS cloud mask, type and CTTH on AVHRR
- EARS team is preparing to extend this to VIIRS

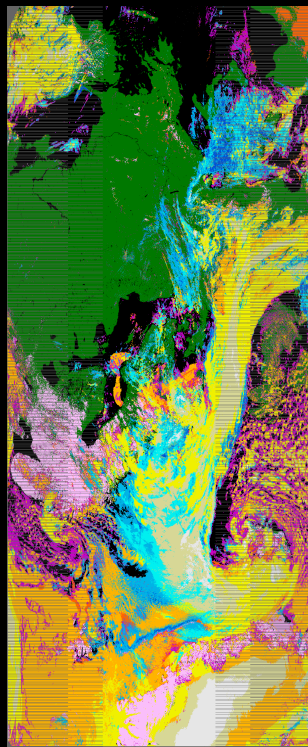


Parameters

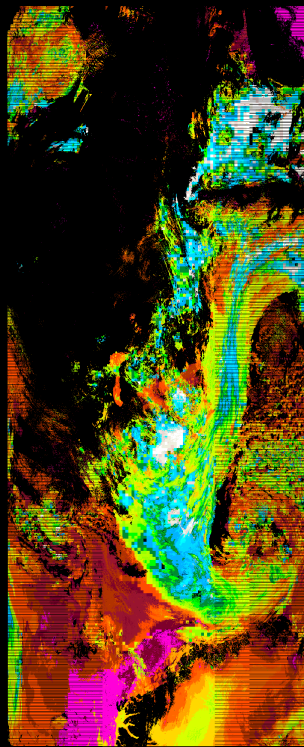
Likelihood
for light,
moderate
and intense
precipitation



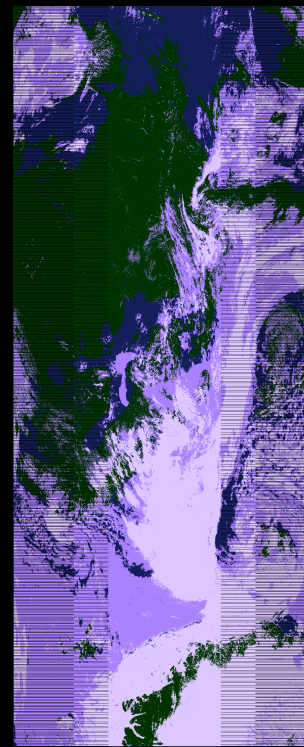
Cloud Mask



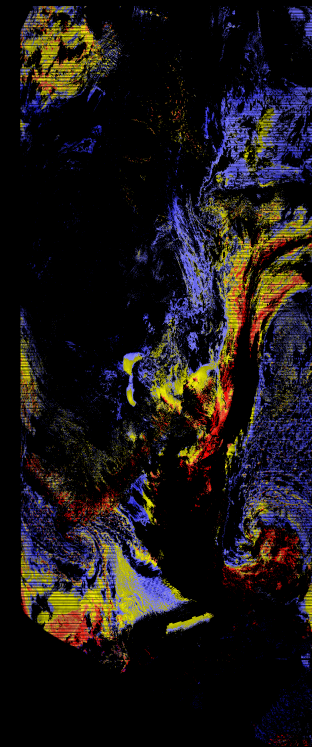
Cloud Type



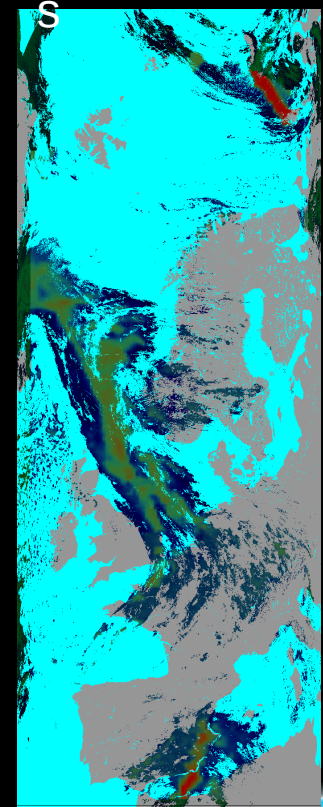
Cloud
Temperature
and Height



Cloud Phase

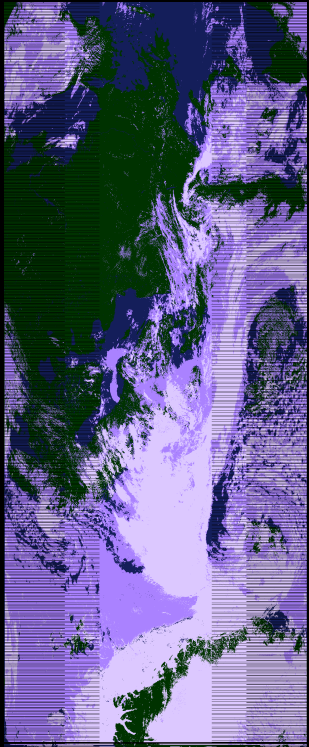


LWP

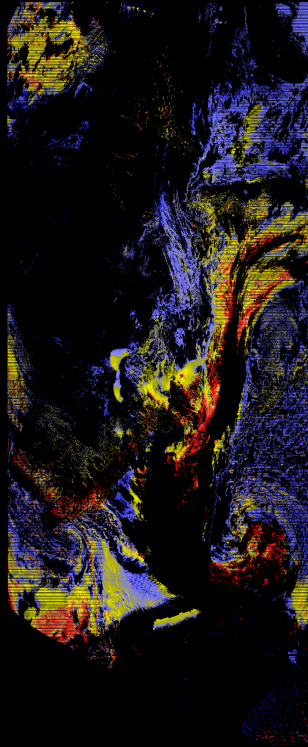


Cloud Microphysical Parameters

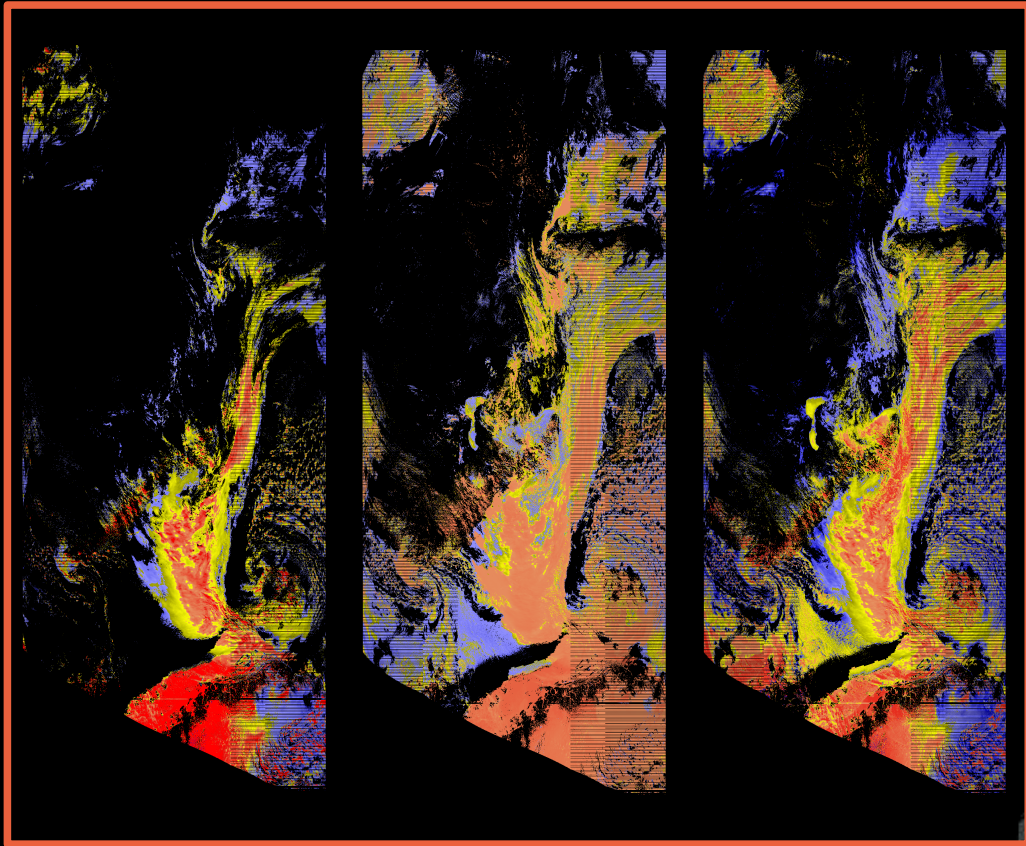
Extra products – not committed



Cloud Phase



LWP



IWP

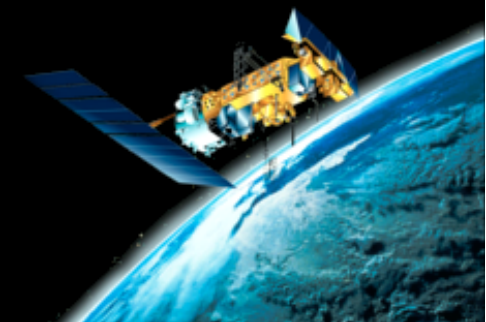
Effective radius

Cloud Optical Thickness



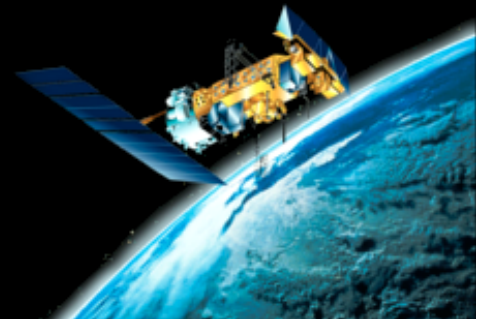
Support and release strategy

- Major releases every ~2-3 years
 - Subject to external reviews
 - Full validation
- Available via the Help Desk (www.nwcsaf.org)
 - Free registration



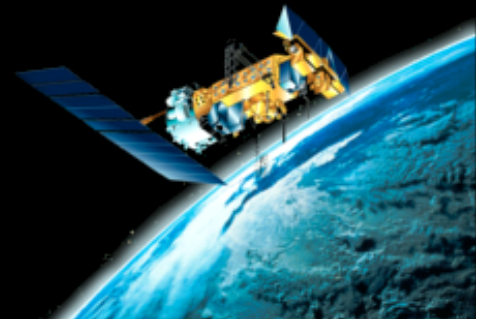
Support and release strategy

- Patches as necessary, e.g.
 - in case of bugs
 - new satellites
 - portability
- Bug reports and user support via mail-box on Help Desk
 - Usually answered within 24 hours



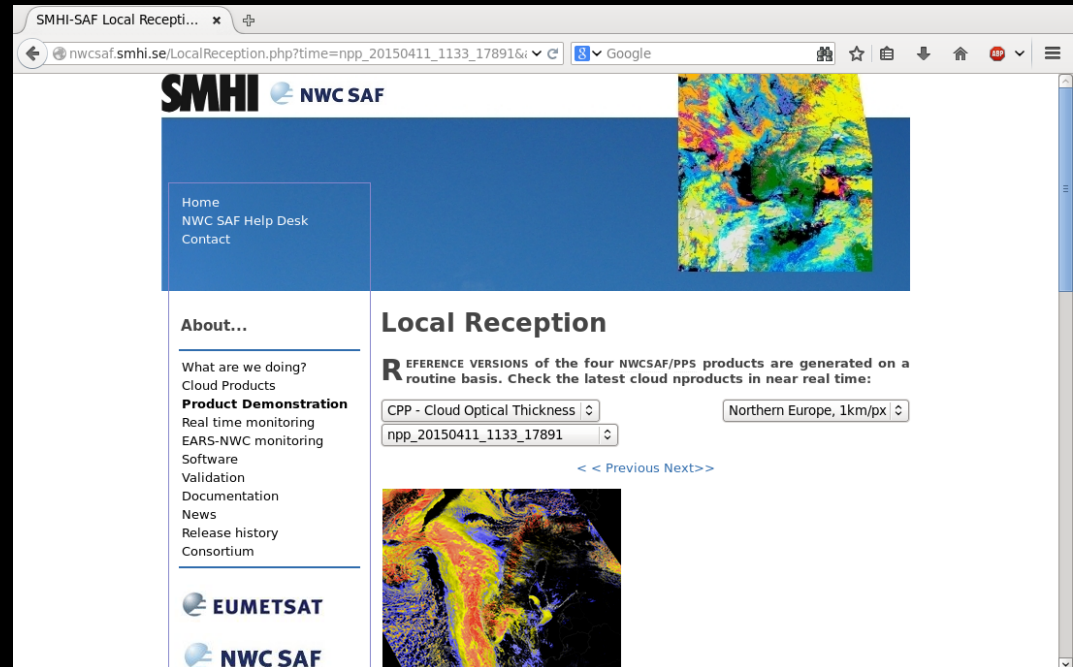
Support and release strategy

- All releases contain full source code
- ...and from v2014 ready built binaries for a few common Linux distributions:
 - CentOS-6/RHEL-6
 - SUSE SLES 11
 - Ubuntu Trusty
 - *...more depending on user needs*

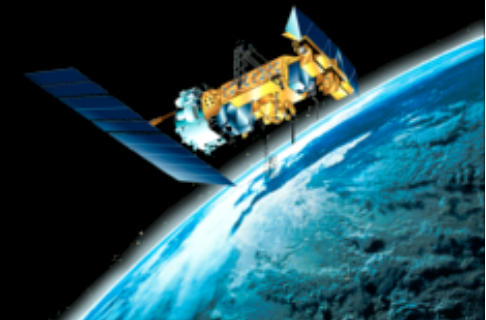


Reference system

- nwcsaf.smhi.se
- Real time images
- Norrköping DR station

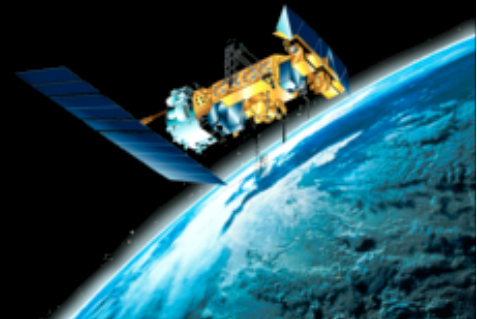


The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the SMHI-SAF Local Reception page. The page features a navigation menu on the left with links for Home, NWC SAF Help Desk, and Contact. Below this is an 'About...' section with a list of links including Cloud Products, Product Demonstration, Real time monitoring, EARS-NWC monitoring, Software, Validation, Documentation, News, Release history, and Consortium. The main content area is titled 'Local Reception' and contains a paragraph explaining that reference versions of four NWC SAF/PPS products are generated on a routine basis. Below the text are two dropdown menus: 'CPP - Cloud Optical Thickness' and 'Northern Europe, 1km/px'. A text input field contains the value 'npp_20150411_1133_17891'. Navigation arrows '<< Previous Next >>' are visible. The page also includes logos for EUMETSAT and NWC SAF at the bottom left. A satellite image is displayed in the top right corner of the page content.

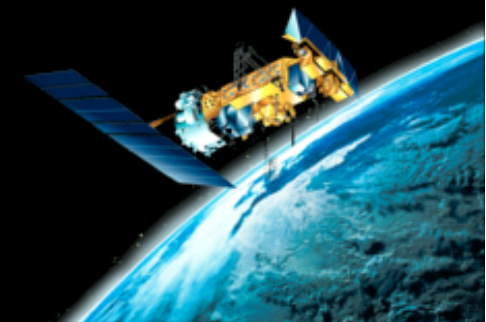


Recent releases

- v2014 released October 2014
 - Major upgrades to Cloud Mask, CTTH and CPP
- Patch released April 2015
 - Significant improvements to cloudmask
 - as a result of a CMSAF “feedback loop” for their CLARA-A2 preparations

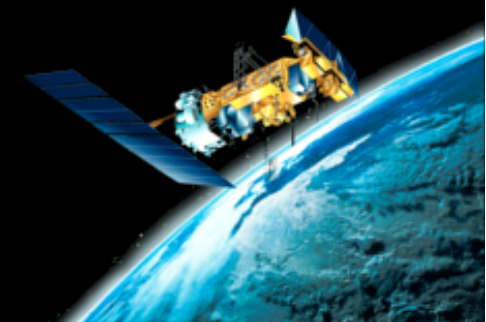


Recent improvements



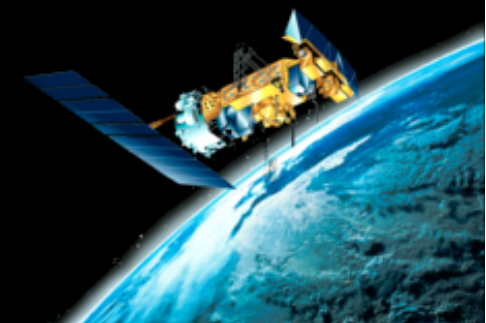
Summary of technical changes since v2012

- Binary distributions
- New output format (netCDF CF)
- Products in both netCDF and hdf5



Summary of improvements since v2012

- CPP:
 - New independent cloud phase algorithm
 - Phase product during night-time
 - New look-up tables



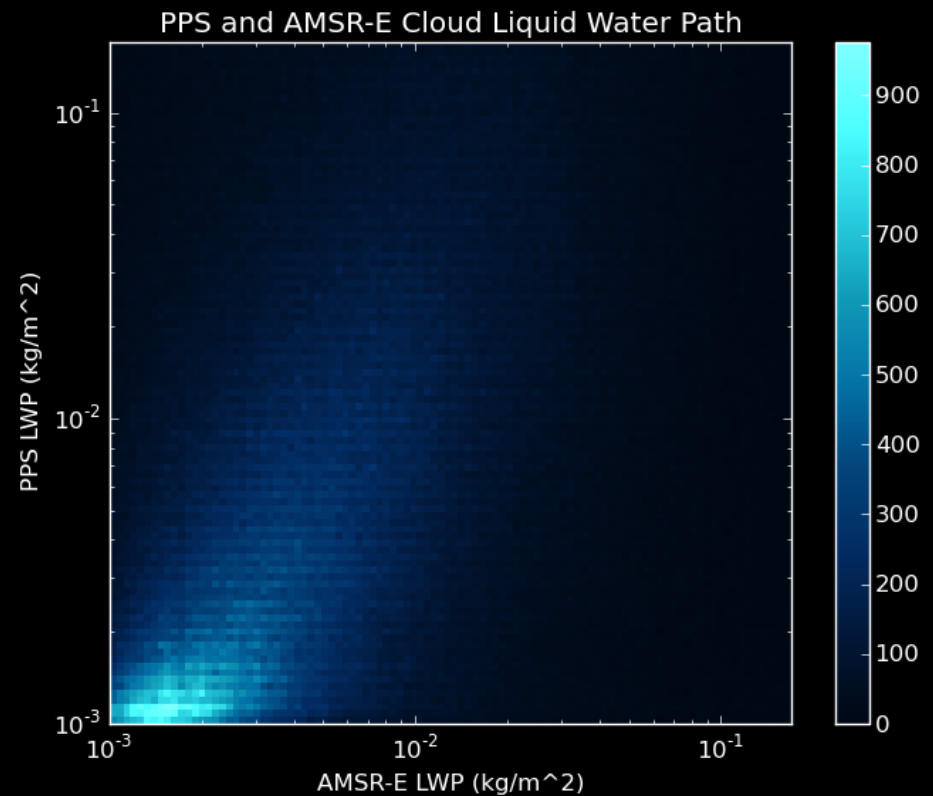
CPP validation

Cloud Phase validation

POD Liquid	0.73
POD Ice	0.80
FAR Liquid	0.18
FAR Ice	0.30

CALIOP

PPS LWP against AMSR-E over sea



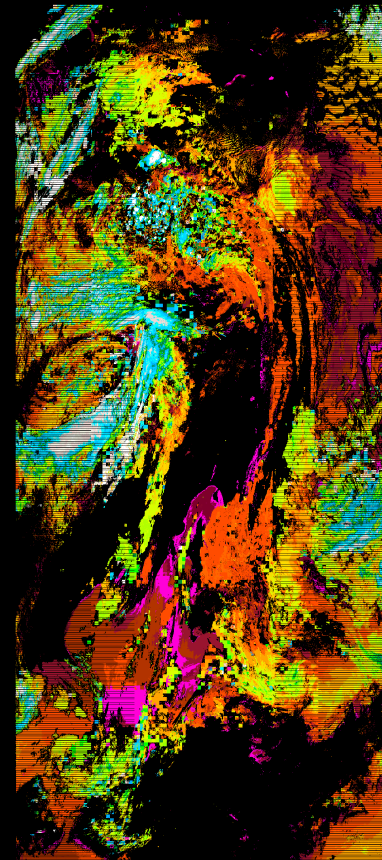
RMS = 45.4 g/cm²
 BIAS = 3.4 g/cm²



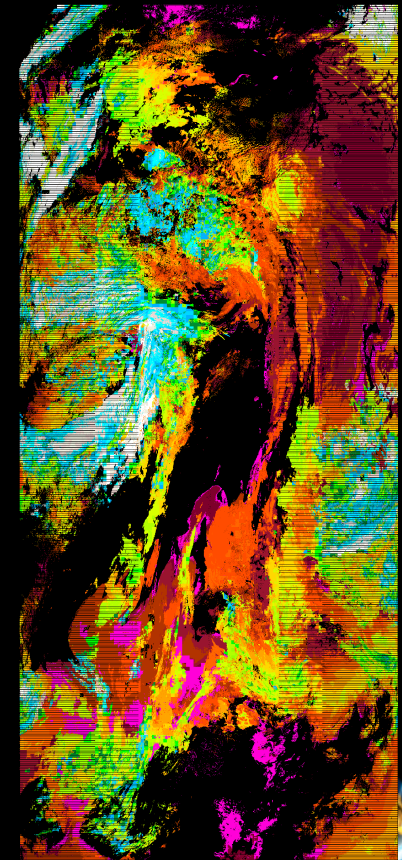
Summary of improvements since v2012

- CTTH:
 - Higher retrieval rates (~75% to ~98%)
 - More accurate
 - Faster

v2012



v2014



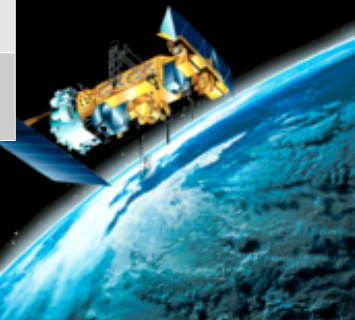
CTTH validation against CALIOP

Semi transparent clouds

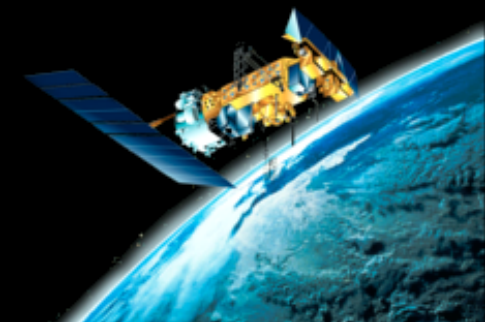
	All	Low	Medium	High
Bias (m)	148	951	724	-426
RMS (m)	1739	1532	1242	1977
bc-RMS (m)	1732	1201	1009	1931

Opaque clouds

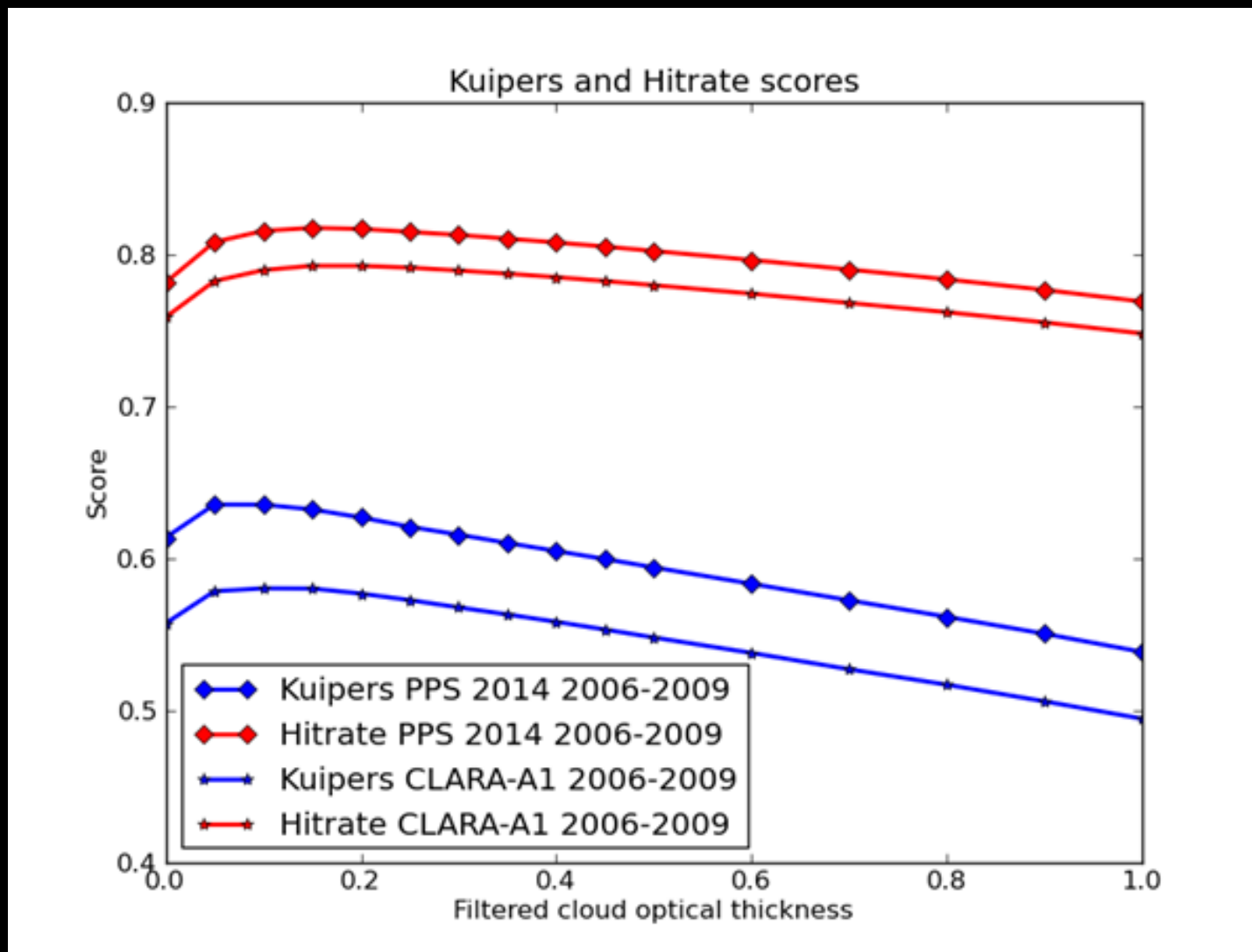
	All	Low	Medium	High
Bias (m)	-186	424	-127	-1313
RMS (m)	1445	870	943	2294
bc-RMS (m)	1433	760	934	1881



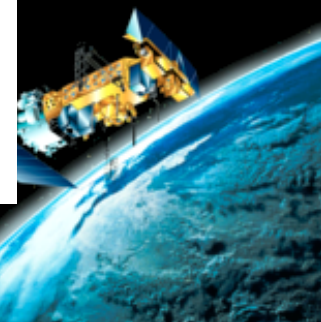
Cloudmask improvements



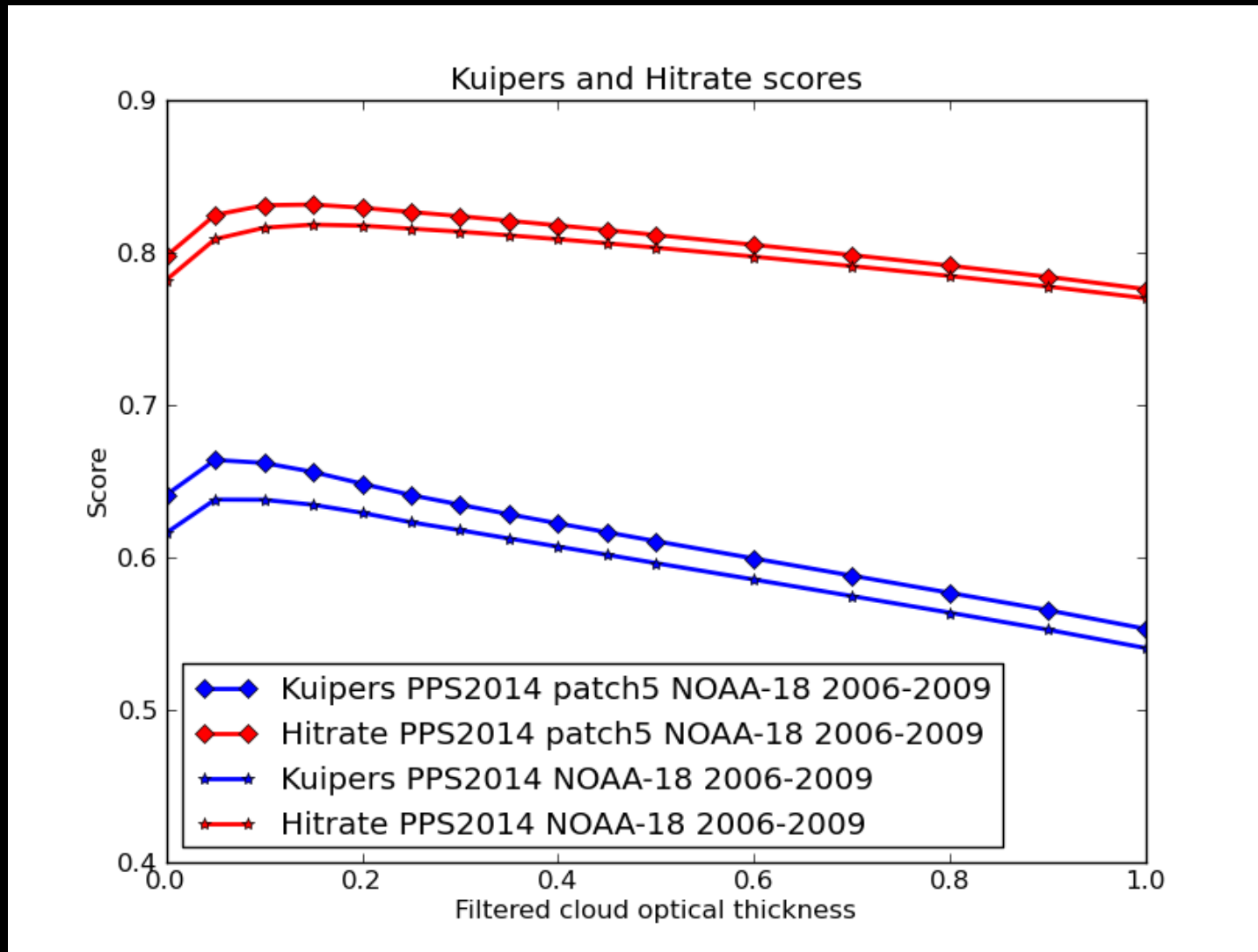
Cloud Mask validation against CALIOP



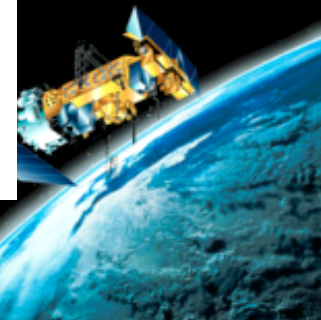
Version 2010/12 to v2014



Cloud Mask validation against CALIOP



Version 2014 to v2014-patch



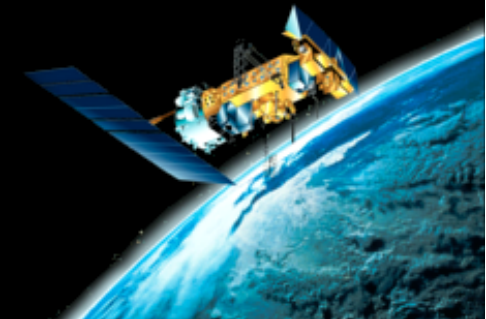
Summary of most prominent improvements

- Surface Infrared emissivity database upgraded
- ~~Explicit description of the solar contribution at 3.7 μm~~
- Roughness instead of elevation
- Re-tuning of the threshold offsets using CALIPSO

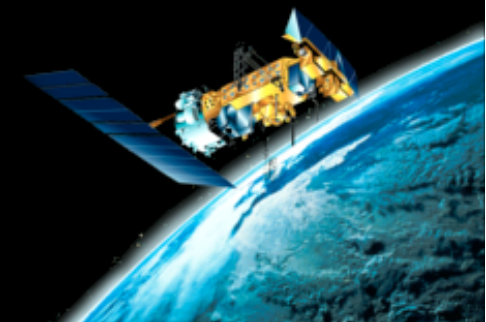


Summary of most prominent improvements

- Recalculated threshold tables
- Restructured logic
- New tests:
 - SST
 - Clear tests accounting for a changing land cover

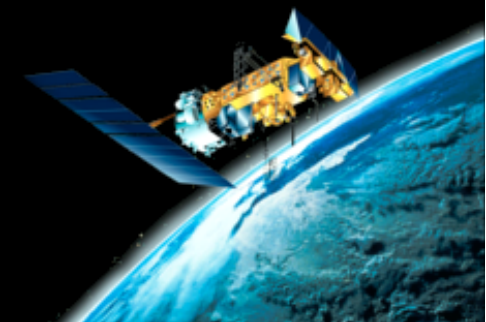


Outlook



Outlook:

- v2017 (2017/Q2)
 - netCDF only
 - Improved products
 - Continued focus to ease user site installations
 - Better encapsulation, e.g. Docker



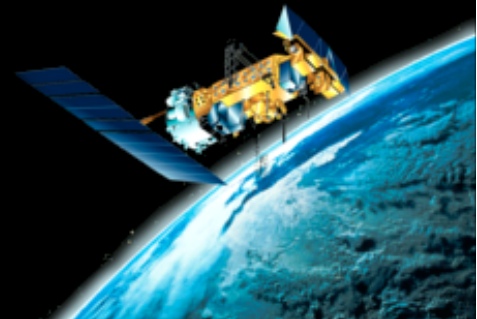
Outlook:

- New sensors:
 - MERSI-2 (FY3-D/E/F)
 - SLSTR (Sentinel 3)
 - Proposal planned to include SLSTR according to OSISAF/CMSAF requirements, already in v2017
 - VII and MWI/ICI on EPS-SG
 - Plan to freeze current precipitation products, and prepare for precipitation, IWP and LWP products for release in CDOP4 (2023 TBC) based on MWI/ICI



Next cloudmask version (v2017)

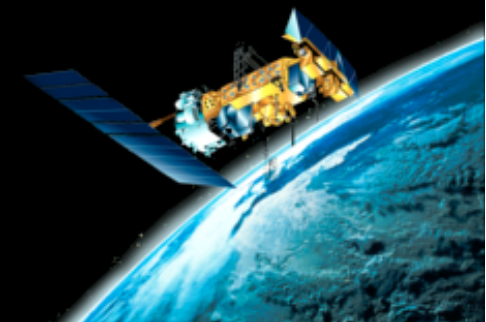
- Additional probabilistic output (CMSAF)
- VIIRS-I bands
- OSISAF/GHRSST SST
- Improve flag for heavy aerosol loads (dust, volcanic ash and smoke)
- Use of 1.38 for thin cirrus and snow/ice



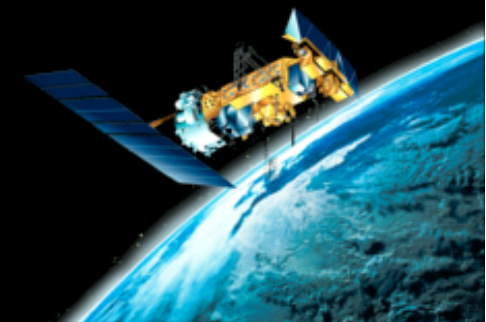
Thank you!

<http://www.nwcsaf.org>

<http://nwcsaf.smhi.se>

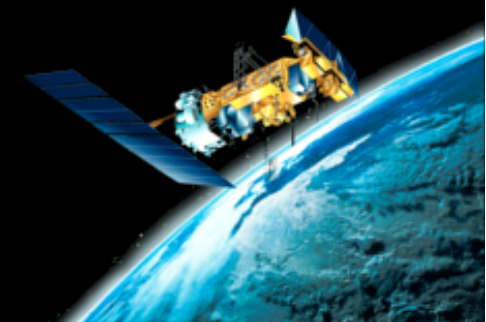


Backup slides



Upgrade of surface emissivity data

- Based on Aqua MODIS MYD11C3 product
- 10 year Climatological monthly means (2003-2012)
- Version 5
- Previously (\leq v2012) based on V4.1



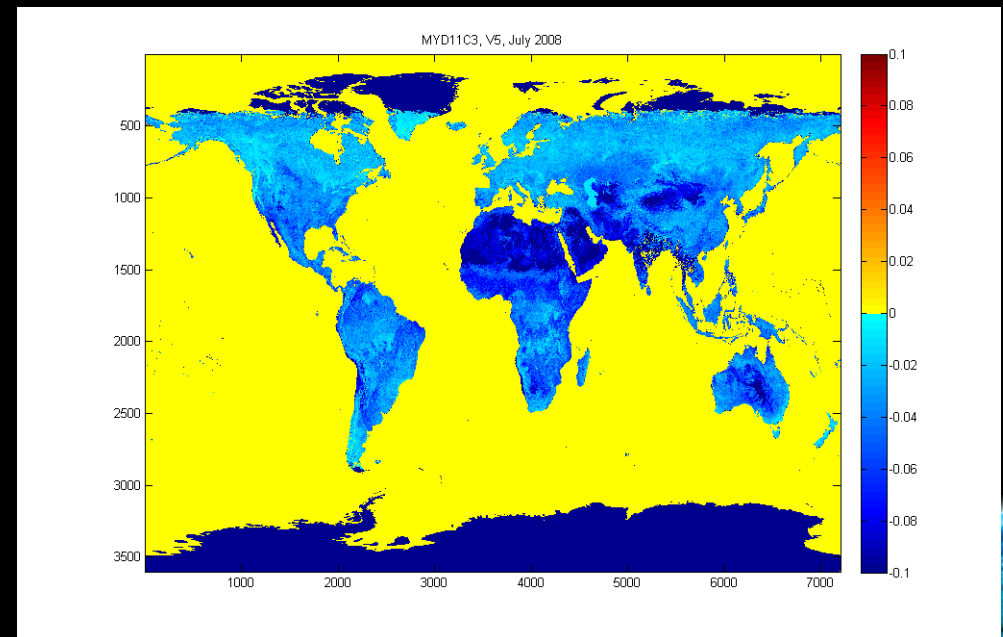
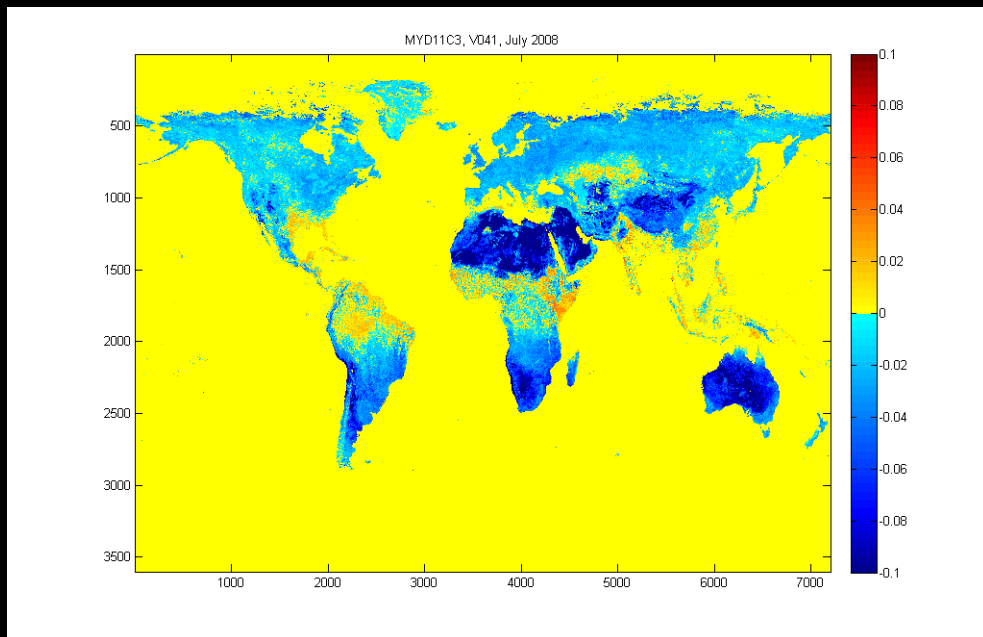
Upgrade using v5

- v4.1 showed inconsistencies in 3.7 and 11 micron emissivity differences

e3.7-e11, July 2008

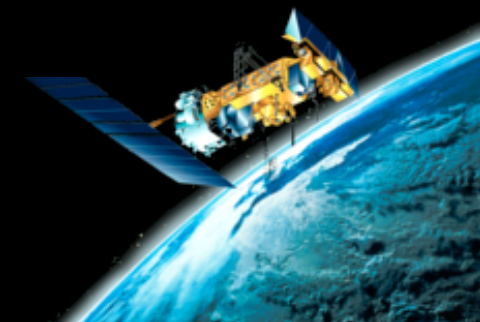
v4.1

v5



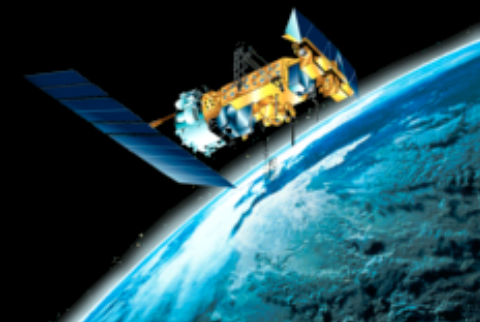
Roughness rather than elevation

Elevation above 500m



Roughness rather than elevation

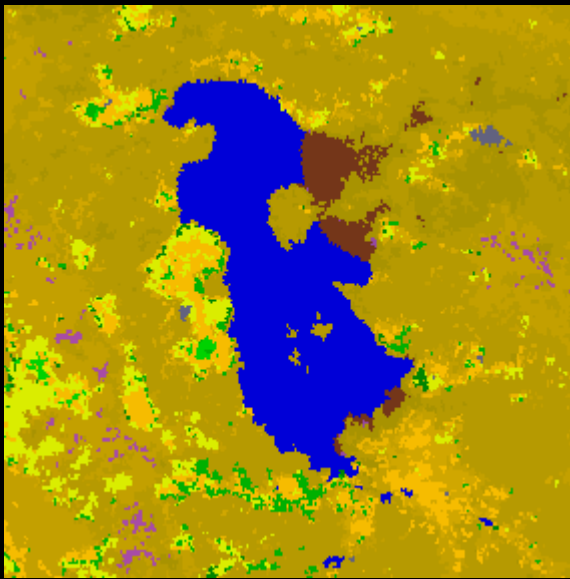
Rough terrain according to PPS



Accounting for global change

- Salt lakes, irrigated land, dried out rivers and lakes, dams,...

USGS Land use



S-NPP VIIRS True Color

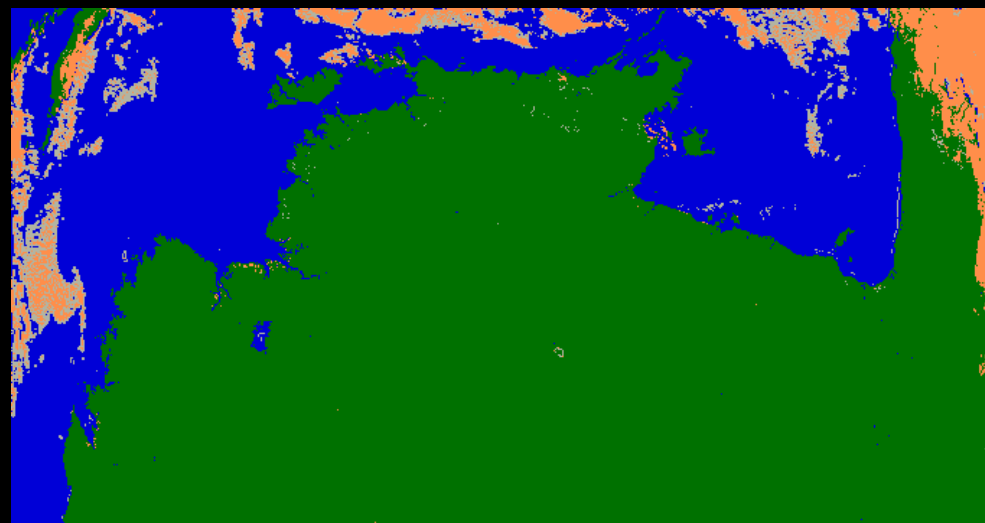


Example: Salt lake Urmia, Iran



New SST based test

- PPS v2012 missing thin cirrus clouds



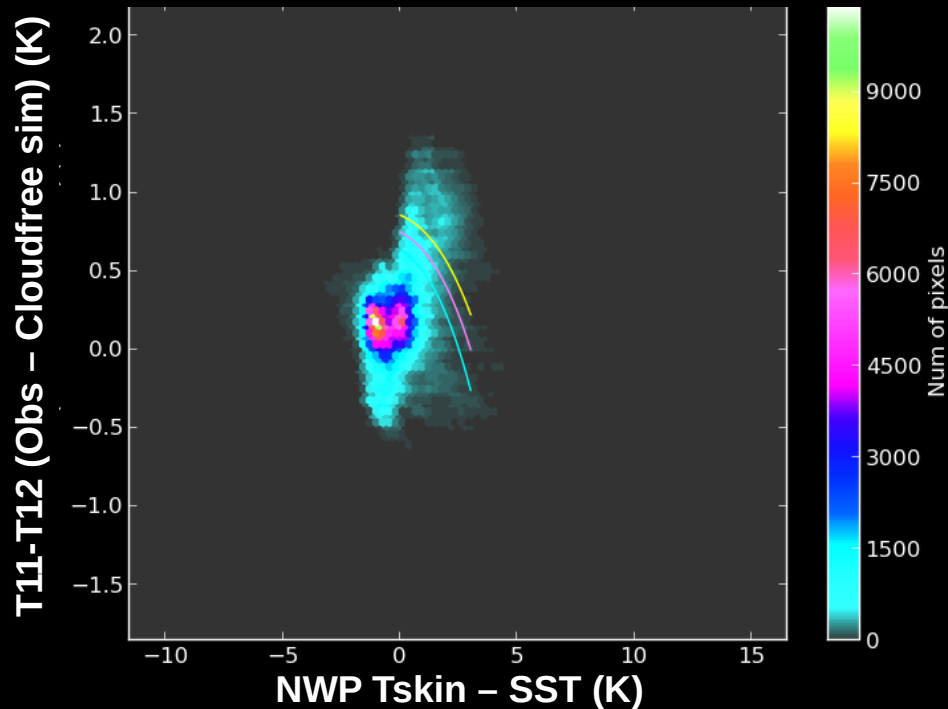
New SST based test

- Derive OSISAF SST and compare to NWP Tskin
- Combine test with T11-T12

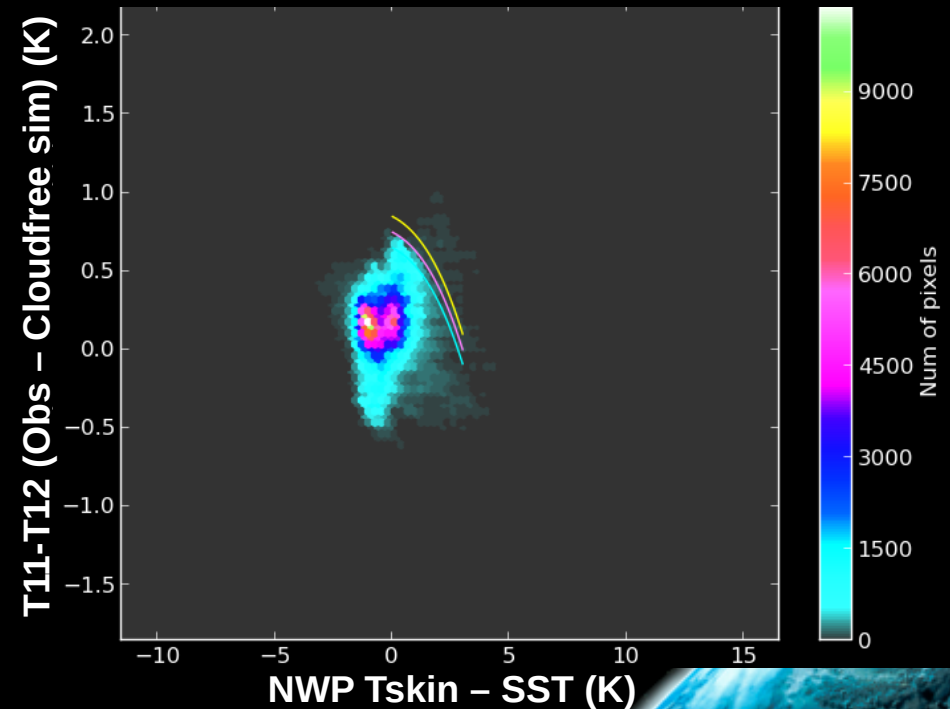
All cloudfree according to PPSv2012

All cloudfree according to PPSv2014

Derived SST vs NWP Tskin – Cloudfree sea



Derived SST vs NWP Tskin – Cloudfree sea



New SST based test

PPS v2014:
(Purple = low quality)

